

ADB releases Key Indicators for Asia and the Pacific Region

ADB released the Key Indicators report 2018 which presents the latest statistics on a comprehensive set of economic, financial, social, environmental, and SDG indicators for the 48 regional members of the Asian Development Bank (ADB). It also covers statistical indicators for the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The region's share of global gross domestic product (at purchasing power parity) rose from 30.1% in 2000 to 42.6% in 2017, and around 780 million people moved out of extreme poverty from 2002 to 2013. The economies of Asia and the Pacific saw a return to robust export growth in 2017, reflecting the recovery of global output and investment, and the region now contributes more than a third of the world's exports. As global value chain statistics show, the region's economies continue to strengthen, broaden, and diversify their participation in global production networks.

Three economies—the PRC, India, and Japan— accounted for more than 70% of the region's total output in 2017, compared with about 63% in 2000. The top three recipient economies in the world—in dollar terms—were all in Asia: India (\$69.0 billion), the PRC (\$63.9 billion), and the Philippines (\$32.8 billion). India's share in the GDP of Asia and Pacific region has increased to 17.3% in 2017 from 14.6% in 2000.

Sustainable Development Goal

- In developing Asia, the proportion of people living on less than \$1.90 a day (at 2011 purchasing power parity) declined from 33.7% in 2002 to 8.9% in 2013.
- Across Asia and the Pacific, the number of women dying during pregnancy, childbirth, and soon after fell from 264 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2000 to 123 per 100,000 in 2015. Mortality of children under the age of 5 similarly declined from 69 deaths per 1,000 live births in 2000 to 33 per 1,000 in 2016.
- From 2000 to 2015, the number of people with access to safely managed sanitation services increased in eight of the nine economies with available data, led by the People's Republic of China (PRC). The only exception was Singapore, which already had 100% coverage in 2000 and maintained this to 2015.
- In developing Asia, manufacturing value added per person was over \$5,000 per person (at constant 2010 prices) in the Republic of Korea, and Singapore in 2017. Since 2000, 14 of the 43 reporting developing economies have doubled their manufacturing value added per capita, with increases of over \$1,500 per person in the PRC, the Republic of Korea, Singapore, and Turkmenistan.

Key growth of Indian economy

Per Unit of GDP	0.3 (2015)
Population	1316 million (2017)
Urban Population	33.6% of total population (2017)
Corruption Perception Index (Rank)	81 (2017)
Cost of Business Start-up Procedure (% of GNI per	14.8% (2017)

capita)	
International Tourism Receipts	US\$27365 million (2017)
Growth rate of Merchandise Exports	8.9% (2017)
Foreign Direct Investment (% of GDP)	1.6% (2017)
Current Account Balance (% of GDP)	(-)1.9% (2017)
Growth rate of Consumer Price Index	3.7% (2017)
Growth rates of Manufacturing Production Index	4.5% (2017)
Growth rates of Agriculture Production Index	2.3% (2016)
Growth rate of Real Gross Domestic Product	6.7% (2017)

Source: PHD Research Bureau, data compiled from Key Indicators for Asia and the Pacific 2018

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Warm regards,

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